

# New-York

VOL. L.... NO. 16, 106.

## PARNELL'S INJURY DENIED

IT WAS MUD, NOT LIME, SAYS DAVITT, THAT WAS THROWN INTO HIS EYES.

THE ASSERTION DENIED BY MR. REDMOND—PAR-  
NELL SPEAKING AT JOHNSTOWN, AND  
MCGARTHY AT KILKENNY—"THE FREE-  
MAN'S JOURNAL" PREDICTING  
PARNELL'S VICTORY.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—A dispatch received in this city from Michael Davitt says that the injuries sustained by Mr. Parnell at Castlecomer were inflicted by women and girls, who pelted him with flour and mud. The story that lime was thrown in his face and eyes, the dispatch adds, is Parnell's latest disgusting dodge to evoke sympathy and divert the people's mind from the real issue.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—Canon Cody asserts that it was mud that was thrown in Mr. Parnell's face and eyes, and not lime, as is alleged by his supporters.

An address signed by twenty-three women of Kilkenny has been published. It declares that Mr. Parnell, after years of systematic deceit, has at last been unmasks and that his very presence pollutes the soil.

A letter signed by twenty-three women of Kilkenny has been published. It declares that Mr. Parnell, after years of systematic deceit, has at last been unmasks and that his very presence pollutes the soil.

Mr. Parnell and his colleagues drove to-day to Johnstown, where Mr. Parnell spoke at a meeting held in the interest of Vincent Scully.

During the meeting in Johnstown to-day a fight between the opposing forces was at one time imminent; but the police intervened and kept the two factions apart while the speeches were being delivered.

Mr. Parnell, in thanking his supporters for the enthusiastic reception they had given him, pointed, in self-justification, to the action of Canon Lee, of Bray, "who," said Mr. Parnell, "at the meeting of the chapter of the Catholic diocese of Dublin testified that he believed me to be an honorable man. He knows me thoroughly, and I heartily thank him." His testimony in the hour of my trial will be all-powerful in silencing the false claim against me."

Mr. Parnell's speech today was much longer than the one he delivered yesterday. During his remarks he referred to Sir John Pope Hennessy as "a mongrel upstart." Messrs. Skinner, Scully and others also made speeches.

Mr. Parnell still wears bandages over his eyes, but shows no ill effects from attending the political meetings at Goresbridge and Gowran yesterday. Mr. Redmond, alluding to the denials that lime was thrown into Mr. Parnell's eyes, declared that two doctors staked their reputation on the fact that it was lime they found in his eyes.

Mr. McFetridge addressed a meeting in Kilkenny to-day. He declared that Sir John Pope Hennessy would certainly be elected and that the only question was as to the extent of his majority. Mr. Sexton also made an address. He said he deeply regretted the violence done to Mr. Parnell, and that whatever his present feeling toward Mr. Parnell might be, his gratitude for Parnell's past services to Ireland was unchanged.

Messrs. Condon, Flynn, Sexton, Arthur O'Connor and Maurice Healy have arrived at Kilkenny to reinforce the band of Martynite speakers. The priests who were removed from North Kilkenny have been brought back to assist in the canvass for Sir John Pope Hennessy.

"The Freeman's Journal" today says that Mr. Parnell will carry Kilkenny in the coming Parliamentary election if the priests hold out in the contest. Their conduct, it adds, jeopardizes the validity of the election. We know, continues "The Journal," that Home Rule without Parnell is impossible. No British statesman would commit Ireland to a man of interior strength. Mr. Parnell alone can restore the financial situation between Ireland and America.

The Most Reverend William J. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, has telegraphed to the London papers that the account of the meeting of the Chapter of Dublin published yesterday by "United Ireland" is a shameful fabrication. The Dean of the Chapter has also written a letter contradicting the statement made in the publication regarding the action of the chapter. The article which drew forth these denials declared that the Chapter had adopted a resolution urging the ecclesiastical authorities to abstain from taking any action on the Parnell matter, as there was a wide divergence of opinion among the Catholic laity in regard to the question.

The branch of the National League on the Island of Jersey has adopted a resolution against Mr. Parnell.

The attack on Mr. Parnell at Castlecomer has had the effect of drawing many votes to him.

The Granard Board of Guardians has adopted resolutions advising Mr. Parnell to retire temporarily.

The Athlone Commission has voted against Parnell.

STILL SUPPORTING PARNELL.

MEMBERS OF THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE HON-  
OR GLADSTONE'S NAME.

A largely attended meeting was held last evening in Cooper Union under the auspices of the members of the Irish National League who favor Mr. Parnell in his struggle to retain the leadership of the Irish Parliamentary party. Dr. Philip E. Donlin called the meeting to order and made a stirring speech, in which he said that Mr. Parnell was the only possible leader of the Irish people at home and abroad would only stick by him, would, without doubt, obtain a complete and satisfactory measure of Home Rule for their native land.

Lawrence F. Fullam, secretary of the League, then read the following resolutions, which were adopted amid applause:

Resolved, That while deeply regretting the divisions at present existing as to the leadership of the Home Rule movement, we are unaware of any cause for want of confidence in Charles Stewart Parnell, and do not desire to be known as the National meeting in Leinster Hall, Dublin, at which resolutions of confidence in him were unanimously adopted, or at the meeting of the Parliamentary party in London, at which he was unanimously elected.

Resolved, That our opinion an Independent Parliamentary party, as conceived, created and led by Charles Stewart Parnell, is the only constitutional measure by which Home Rule can be obtained.

Resolved, That the Irish National League in the state of New York, in its judgment and decision of Charles Stewart Parnell, we pledge to him our continued support to the end.

Michael Brosin, chairman of the meeting, said, among other things: "We have to choose between an independent Irish nation, or a place at the footstool of the English Parliament, or a place at the footstool of the English Government. It is perhaps as well that this difficulty has arisen just now, before we were led past redemption. (Applause.) We all know the influence of the old Whig element in Ireland. I fear to trust the remnants of the base, brutal and bloody Whigs. We have met Gladstone, and he is to us like Ishmael, an able statesman, and what we want is for Gladstone, and what we want is for Charles Stewart Parnell, is that he is true to Ireland. He may not be the leader of the Irish Parliamentary party, or a leader of it, but he is the leader of a greater party, for he has still the love of Ireland and the Irish people in America at his back." (Applause.)

Wauchope Lynn, ex-secretary Lawrence and Mrs. Mary Greene, also spoke after which the resolutions of confidence at the meeting were sent by cable to Mr. Parnell.

BALTIMORE WELCOMED JOHN DILLON.

John Dillon, M. P., has returned to Baltimore from his visit to London, where he was received and welcomed by the leading Irishmen of that city, and also by Cardinal Gibbons, all of whom approved the course which he and his supporters had taken in their efforts to save the cause of Home Rule. Mr. Dillon held a long conference with T. P. O'Connor in the Bartholdi hotel, and he said it was unlikely that there would be an issue of importance to come up.

On his return to Baltimore he was received by the



NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1890.—TWELVE PAGES.

# Tribune.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

estate were evicted from their homes to-day. There was no disorder.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S INNOVATIONS.  
BELIEVING THAT HE HAS DIVINED THE SPIRIT  
OF THE TIME IN THE MATTER OF SOCIAL  
AND EDUCATIONAL REFORMS.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—Emperor William, in his speech on Wednesday at the closing of the Educational Conference, referring to the fact that surprise had been expressed because in his speech opening the Conference he had made no allusion to religion, said that though his views on this subject were well known, it would make it a sacred duty to see that the Christian spirit was cultivated and increased in the schools, in order that the youth of the nation might be fitted for the requirements of modern life. "We are now," he continued, "in a period of transition, hastening toward a new century. My ancestors always had their fingers on the pulse of the time, and they always looked into the future. I believe that I have divined the spirit of the time in this matter, as in matters of social reform, and I am resolved to venture into paths that, if not trodden now, we would be forced to tread twenty years hence. It will be a special pleasure to have you to assist and participate in the work, and you will have the assurance that the blossoms of these buds will be invoked upon your heads."

The Emperor closed his address by again impressing upon his hearers the necessity of paying special attention to the study of modern history.

MILLE. BUMPED NOT TO BE HYPNOTIZED.  
THE REQUEST OF HER COUNSEL REFUSED—MIL-  
CAL WITNESSES GIVING THEIR  
VISSINS OF HYPOPSY.

London, Dec. 19.—A dispatch received in this city from Michael Davitt says that the injuries sustained by Mr. Parnell at Castlecomer were inflicted by women and girls, who pelted him with flour and mud. The story that lime was thrown in his face and eyes, the dispatch adds, is Parnell's latest disgusting dodge to evoke sympathy and divert the people's mind from the real issue.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—Canon Cody asserts that it was mud that was thrown in Mr. Parnell's face and eyes, and not lime, as is alleged by his supporters.

An address signed by twenty-three women of Kilkenny has been published. It declares that Mr. Parnell, after years of systematic deceit, has at last been unmasks and that his very presence pollutes the soil.

Mr. Parnell and his colleagues drove to-day to Johnstown, where Mr. Parnell spoke at a meeting held in the interest of Vincent Scully.

During the meeting in Johnstown to-day a fight between the opposing forces was at one time imminent; but the police intervened and kept the two factions apart while the speeches were being delivered.

Mr. Parnell, in thanking his supporters for the enthusiastic reception they had given him, pointed, in self-justification, to the action of Canon Lee, of Bray, "who," said Mr. Parnell, "at the meeting of the chapter of the Catholic diocese of Dublin testified that he believed me to be an honorable man. He knows me thoroughly, and I heartily thank him." His testimony in the hour of my trial will be all-powerful in silencing the false claim against me."

Mr. Parnell's speech today was much longer than the one he delivered yesterday. During his remarks he referred to Sir John Pope Hennessy as "a mongrel upstart." Messrs. Skinner, Scully and others also made speeches.

Mr. Parnell still wears bandages over his eyes, but shows no ill effects from attending the political meetings at Goresbridge and Gowran yesterday. Mr. Redmond, alluding to the denials that lime was thrown into Mr. Parnell's eyes, declared that two doctors staked their reputation on the fact that it was lime they found in his eyes.

Mr. McFetridge addressed a meeting in Kilkenny to-day. He declared that Sir John Pope Hennessy would certainly be elected and that the only question was as to the extent of his majority. Mr. Sexton also made an address. He said he deeply regretted the violence done to Mr. Parnell, and that whatever his present feeling toward Mr. Parnell might be, his gratitude for Parnell's past services to Ireland was unchanged.

Messrs. Condon, Flynn, Sexton, Arthur O'Connor and Maurice Healy have arrived at Kilkenny to reinforce the band of Martynite speakers. The priests who were removed from North Kilkenny have been brought back to assist in the canvass for Sir John Pope Hennessy.

"The Freeman's Journal" today says that Mr. Parnell will carry Kilkenny in the coming Parliamentary election if the priests hold out in the contest. Their conduct, it adds, jeopardizes the validity of the election. We know, continues "The Journal," that Home Rule without Parnell is impossible. No British statesman would commit Ireland to a man of interior strength. Mr. Parnell alone can restore the financial situation between Ireland and America.

The Most Reverend William J. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, has telegraphed to the London papers that the account of the meeting of the Chapter of Dublin published yesterday by "United Ireland" is a shameful fabrication. The Dean of the Chapter has also written a letter contradicting the statement made in the publication regarding the action of the chapter. The article which drew forth these denials declared that the Chapter had adopted a resolution urging the ecclesiastical authorities to abstain from taking any action on the Parnell matter, as there was a wide divergence of opinion among the Catholic laity in regard to the question.

The branch of the National League on the Island of Jersey has adopted a resolution against Mr. Parnell.

The attack on Mr. Parnell at Castlecomer has had the effect of drawing many votes to him.

The Granard Board of Guardians has adopted resolutions advising Mr. Parnell to retire temporarily.

The Athlone Commission has voted against Parnell.

STILL SUPPORTING PARNELL.

MEMBERS OF THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE HON-  
OR GLADSTONE'S NAME.

A largely attended meeting was held last evening in Cooper Union under the auspices of the members of the Irish National League who favor Mr. Parnell in his struggle to retain the leadership of the Irish Parliamentary party. Dr. Philip E. Donlin called the meeting to order and made a stirring speech, in which he said that Mr. Parnell was the only possible leader of the Irish people at home and abroad would only stick by him, would, without doubt, obtain a complete and satisfactory measure of Home Rule for their native land.

Lawrence F. Fullam, secretary of the League, then read the following resolutions, which were adopted amid applause:

Resolved, That while deeply regretting the divisions at present existing as to the leadership of the Home Rule movement, we are unaware of any cause for want of confidence in Charles Stewart Parnell, and do not desire to be known as the National meeting in Leinster Hall, Dublin, at which resolutions of confidence in him were unanimously adopted, or at the meeting of the Parliamentary party in London, at which he was unanimously elected.

Resolved, That our opinion an Independent Parliamentary party, as conceived, created and led by Charles Stewart Parnell, is the only constitutional measure by which Home Rule can be obtained.

Resolved, That the Irish National League in the state of New York, in its judgment and decision of Charles Stewart Parnell, we pledge to him our continued support to the end.

Michael Brosin, chairman of the meeting, said, among other things: "We have to choose between an

estate were evicted from their homes to-day. There was no disorder.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S INNOVATIONS.  
BELIEVING THAT HE HAS DIVINED THE SPIRIT  
OF THE TIME IN THE MATTER OF SOCIAL  
AND EDUCATIONAL REFORMS.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—Emperor William, in his speech on Wednesday at the closing of the Educational Conference, referring to the fact that surprise had been expressed because in his speech opening the Conference he had made no allusion to religion, said that though his views on this subject were well known, it would make it a sacred duty to see that the Christian spirit was cultivated and increased in the schools, in order that the youth of the nation might be fitted for the requirements of modern life. "We are now," he continued, "in a period of transition, hastening toward a new century. My ancestors always had their fingers on the pulse of the time, and they always looked into the future. I believe that I have divined the spirit of the time in this matter, as in matters of social reform, and I am resolved to venture into paths that, if not trodden now, we would be forced to tread twenty years hence. It will be a special pleasure to have you to assist and participate in the work, and you will have the assurance that the blossoms of these buds will be invoked upon your heads."

The Emperor closed his address by again impressing upon his hearers the necessity of paying special attention to the study of modern history.

MILLE. BUMPED NOT TO BE HYPNOTIZED.  
THE REQUEST OF HER COUNSEL REFUSED—MIL-  
CAL WITNESSES GIVING THEIR  
VISSINS OF HYPOPSY.

London, Dec. 19.—A dispatch received in this city from Michael Davitt says that the injuries sustained by Mr. Parnell at Castlecomer were inflicted by women and girls, who pelted him with flour and mud. The story that lime was thrown in his face and eyes, the dispatch adds, is Parnell's latest disgusting dodge to evoke sympathy and divert the people's mind from the real issue.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—Canon Cody asserts that it was mud that was thrown in Mr. Parnell's face and eyes, and not lime, as is alleged by his supporters.

An address signed by twenty-three women of Kilkenny has been published. It declares that Mr. Parnell, after years of systematic deceit, has at last been unmasks and that his very presence pollutes the soil.

Mr. Parnell and his colleagues drove to-day to Johnstown, where Mr. Parnell spoke at a meeting held in the interest of Vincent Scully.

During the meeting in Johnstown to-day a fight between the opposing forces was at one time imminent; but the police intervened and kept the two factions apart while the speeches were being delivered.

Mr. Parnell, in thanking his supporters for the enthusiastic reception they had given him, pointed, in self-justification, to the action of Canon Lee, of Bray, "who," said Mr. Parnell, "at the meeting of the chapter of the Catholic diocese of Dublin testified that he believed me to be an honorable man. He knows me thoroughly, and I heartily thank him." His testimony in the hour of my trial will be all-powerful in silencing the false claim against me."

Mr. Parnell's speech today was much longer than the one he delivered yesterday. During his remarks he referred to Sir John Pope Hennessy as "a mongrel upstart." Messrs. Skinner, Scully and others also made speeches.

Mr. Parnell still wears bandages over his eyes, but shows no ill effects from attending the political meetings at Goresbridge and Gowran yesterday. Mr. Redmond, alluding to the denials that lime was thrown into Mr. Parnell's eyes, declared that two doctors staked their reputation on the fact that it was lime they found in his eyes.

Mr. McFetridge addressed a meeting in Kilkenny to-day. He declared that Sir John Pope Hennessy would certainly be elected and that the only question was as to the extent of his majority. Mr. Sexton also made an address. He said he deeply regretted the violence done to Mr. Parnell, and that whatever his present feeling toward Mr. Parnell might be, his gratitude for Parnell's past services to Ireland was unchanged.

Messrs. Condon, Flynn, Sexton, Arthur O'Connor and Maurice Healy have arrived at Kilkenny to reinforce the band of Martynite speakers. The priests who were removed from North Kilkenny have been brought back to assist in the canvass for Sir John Pope Hennessy.

"The Freeman's Journal" today says that Mr. Parnell will carry Kilkenny in the coming Parliamentary election if the priests hold out in the contest. Their conduct, it adds, jeopardizes the validity of the election. We know, continues "The Journal," that Home Rule without Parnell is impossible. No British statesman would commit Ireland to a man of interior strength. Mr. Parnell alone can restore the financial situation between Ireland and America.

The Most Reverend William J. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, has telegraphed to the London papers that the account of the meeting of the Chapter of Dublin published yesterday by "United Ireland" is a shameful fabrication. The Dean of the Chapter has also written a letter contradicting the statement made in the publication regarding the action of the chapter. The article which drew forth these denials declared that the Chapter had adopted a resolution urging the ecclesiastical authorities to abstain from taking any action on the Parnell matter, as there was a wide divergence of opinion among the Catholic laity in regard to the question.

The branch of the National League on the Island of Jersey has adopted a resolution against Mr. Parnell.

The attack on Mr. Parnell at Castlecomer has had the effect of drawing many votes to him.

The Granard Board of Guardians has adopted resolutions advising Mr. Parnell to retire temporarily.

The Athlone Commission has voted against Parnell.

STILL SUPPORTING PARNELL.

MEMBERS OF THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE HON-  
OR GLADSTONE'S NAME.

A largely attended meeting was held last evening in Cooper Union under the auspices of the members of the Irish